

P28.5 Each photon has an energy $E = hf = (6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s})(99.7 \times 10^6) = 6.61 \times 10^{-26} \text{ J}$.

This implies that there are $\frac{150 \times 10^3 \text{ J/s}}{6.61 \times 10^{-26} \text{ J/photon}} = \boxed{2.27 \times 10^{30} \text{ photons/s}}$.

P28.9 (a) $\lambda_c = \frac{hc}{\phi} = \frac{(6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s})(3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s})}{(4.20 \text{ eV})(1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J/eV})} = \boxed{296 \text{ nm}}$

$$f_c = \frac{c}{\lambda_c} = \frac{3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}{296 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}} = \boxed{1.01 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz}}$$

(b) $\frac{hc}{\lambda} = \phi + e\Delta V_s: \frac{(6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s})(3.00 \times 10^8)}{180 \times 10^{-9}} = (4.20 \text{ eV})(1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J/eV}) + (1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J/eV})\Delta V_s$

Therefore, $\boxed{\Delta V_s = 2.71 \text{ V}}$

P28.20 $\lambda = \frac{h}{p} = \frac{h}{mv} = \frac{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}}{(1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg})(1.00 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s})} = \boxed{3.97 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m}}$

P28.31 For the electron, $\Delta p = m_e \Delta v = (9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg})(500 \text{ m/s})(1.00 \times 10^{-4}) = 4.56 \times 10^{-32} \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$

$$\Delta x = \frac{h}{4\pi\Delta p} = \frac{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}}{4\pi(4.56 \times 10^{-32} \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s})} = \boxed{1.16 \text{ nm}}$$

For the bullet, $\Delta p = m \Delta v = (0.0200 \text{ kg})(500 \text{ m/s})(1.00 \times 10^{-4}) = 1.00 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$

$$\Delta x = \frac{h}{4\pi\Delta p} = \boxed{5.28 \times 10^{-32} \text{ m}}$$